

Kettenform eines Pi-Gliedes

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \frac{Y_3}{Y_2} & \frac{1}{Y_2} \\ Y_1 + Y_3 + \left(\frac{Y_1 \cdot Y_3}{Y_2} \right) & 1 + \frac{Y_1}{Y_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_1 \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = A \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_2 \\ -I_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_1 &= A_{11} \cdot U_2 - A_{12} \cdot I_2 \\ I_2 &= 0 \\ I_1 &= A_{21} \cdot U_2 - A_{12} \cdot I_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$U_1 = A_{11} \cdot U_2$$

$$I_1 = A_{21} \cdot U_2$$

$$Z_E = \frac{U_1}{I_1} = \frac{A_{11} \cdot U_2}{A_{21} \cdot U_2} = \frac{A_{11}}{A_{21}}$$

$$Z_E = \frac{1 + \frac{Y_3}{Y_2}}{Y_1 + Y_3 + \left(\frac{Y_1 \cdot Y_3}{Y_2} \right)}$$

$$Z_E = \frac{Y_2 + Y_3}{Y_1 \cdot Y_2 + Y_1 \cdot Y_3 + Y_2 \cdot Y_3}$$

$$Y_1 = \frac{1}{R_1} \quad Y_2 = \frac{1}{R_2} + C \cdot j\omega \quad Y_3 = \frac{1}{R_3}$$

$$Z_E = \frac{R_1 \cdot (R_2 + R_3 + C \cdot j\omega \cdot R_2 \cdot R_3)}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + C \cdot j\omega \cdot R_1 \cdot R_2 + C \cdot j\omega \cdot R_2 \cdot R_3}$$

$$\lim_{j\omega \rightarrow 0} Z_E = \frac{R_1 \cdot (R_2 + R_3)}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$