

Bosch Sensorted

5.2 Device and register address

The BMP180 module address is shown below. The LSB of the device address distinguishes between read (1) and write (0) operation, corresponding to address 0xEF (read) and 0xEE (write).

Table 7: BMP180	addresses
-----------------	-----------

A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	W/R
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0/1

5.3 l²C protocol

The I²C interface protocol has special bus signal conditions. Start (S), stop (P) and binary data conditions are shown below. At start condition, SCL is high and SDA has a falling edge. Then the slave address is sent. After the 7 address bits, the direction control bit R/W selects the read or write operation. When a slave device recognizes that it is being addressed, it should acknowledge by pulling SDA low in the ninth SCL (ACK) cycle.

At stop condition, SCL is also high, but SDA has a rising edge. Data must be held stable at SDA when SCL is high. Data can change value at SDA only when SCL is low.

Even though V_{DDIO} can be powered on before V_{DD} , there is a chance of excessive power consumption (a few mA) if this sequence is used, and the state of the output pins is undefined so that the bus can be locked. Therefore, V_{DD} *must* be powered before V_{DDIO} unless the limitations above are understood and not critical.





BST-BMP180-DS000-12 | Revision 2.8 | May 2015

[©] Bosch Sensortec GmbH reserves all rights even in the event of industrial property rights. We reserve all rights of disposal such as copying and passing on to third parties. BOSCH and the symbol are registered trademarks of Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany. Note: Specifications within this document are subject to change without notice.