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#define _XTAL_FREQ 4000000
//Lcd pinout settings
sbit LCD_RS at RA3_bit;
sbit LCD_EN at RA2_bit;
sbit LCD_D4 at RA1_bit;
sbit LCD_D5 at RA0_bit;
sbit LCD_D6 at RA7_bit;
sbit LCD_D7 at RA6_bit;

// Pin direction
sbit LCD_RS_Direction at TRISA3_bit;
sbit LCD_EN_Direction at TRISA2_bit;
sbit LCD_D4_Direction at TRISA1_bit;
sbit LCD_D5_Direction at TRISA0_bit;
sbit LCD_D6_Direction at TRISA7_bit;
sbit LCD_D7_Direction at TRISA6_bit;

//MAX_TIMECOUNT sets the number of loops after which the power is switched off
//one loop is approximately 1.15 seconds long and the time period will be T = MAX_TIMECOUNT x 1.15

#define MAX_TIMECOUNT 208

int f1;
char PowerOFF_flag;

//interrupt procedure
void interrupt() {
    T0IF_bit=0;           // clear T0IF bit
    f1++;
    if (RBIF_bit){        //if there is change on PORTB
        if (PORTB.F5)    //check if Power button is pressed
            PowerOFF_flag = 1; //sets the PowerOFF_flag
        RBIF_bit=0;        //clear the interrupt flag
    }
}

//displays the frequency with commas after each 3 digits
void display_freq(long f) {
    char i, n, k, digit[9];
    n = 0;
    //separating digits
    do {
        digit[n] = '0' + f % 10;
        f /= 10;
        n++;
    } while (f > 0 && n < 9);

    k = 11;           //number of symbols to be displayed: 9 digits + 2 commas
    for(i=0; i < 9; i++) {
        if (k == 4 || k == 8) {
            if (i < n)
                Lcd_Ch(1,k+2,''); //displays commas at 4-th and 8-th positions
            else
                Lcd_Ch(1,k+2,' '); //displays '' if number is shorter
            k--;
        }
        if (i < n || i == 0)
            Lcd_Ch(1,k+2,digit[i]); //displays digit
    }
    else {
        Lcd_Ch(1,k+2,''); //displays '' if number is shorter
    }
    k--;
}
}

void main() {
    long freq;
    int f2, prescaler, timecount;
    char i, prescaler_bits;

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CMCON = 0b00000111;           //comparator off
T1CON = 0b00001110;          //TMR1 prescale 1:1, osc = on
TRISA = 0b00110000;
TRISB = 0b11101111;
PORTB.F4 = 1;                //sets the power on
Lcd_Init();
Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_CLEAR);
Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_CURSOR_OFF);
Lcd_Out(1, 1, "FrequencyCounter");
delay_ms(1000);
Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_CLEAR);
Lcd_Out(1, 1, "DIYfan.blogspot.com");
delay_ms(1000);
for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_SHIFT_LEFT);
    delay_ms(700);
}
Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_RETURN_HOME);
Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_CLEAR);
Lcd_Out(1, 1, "F=");
Lcd_Out(1, 15, "Hz");
PowerOFF_flag = 0;
timecount = 0;

while (1){                  //main loop
    OPTION_REG = 0b00100111;      //set TMR0 prescale = 256
    //Seting the initial value of TMR1 to 62851
    //Timer1 will run for 2684 cycles = 0.08191 seconds
    TMR1L = 0b10000011;
    TMR1H = 0b11110101;
    TMR1IF_bit = 0;
    T0IF_bit = 0;
    f1 = 0;
    INTCON = 0b10101000;        //Enable interrupt at Timer0
    TMR1ON_bit = 1;             //start Timer1
    TMR0 = 0;                  //start counting input signal

    while (!TMR1IF_bit) {}      //loop for 0.08191 seconds

    INTCON = 0;                 //Disable interrupts
    TMR1ON_bit = 0;             //stop Timer1

    prescaler = 256;            //sets the initial value of prescaler
    prescaler_bits = 0b00000111; //sets the initial value of prescaler bits

    //calculating prescaler
    //f1 holds the input frequency divided by 256*128 and multiplied by time period 0.08191s
    //if the frequency is above 102.4MHz prescaler = 256
    // 102.4MHz .. 51.2MHz -> prescaler = 128
    // 51.2MHz .. 25.6MHz -> prescaler = 64
    // 25.6MHz .. 12.8MHz -> prescaler = 32
    // 12.8MHz .. 6.4MHz -> prescaler = 16
    // 6.4MHz .. 3.2MHz -> prescaler = 8
    // 3.2MHz .. 1.6Mhz -> prescaler = 4
    // 1.6MHz .. 800kHz -> prescaler = 2
    // 800khz .. 0 -> prescaler = 1
    f1 <<= 1;
    while (f1 < prescaler) {
        prescaler >= 1;          //divide prescaler by 2
        prescaler_bits--;
    }
    if (prescaler < 2) {
        prescaler = 1;
        OPTION_REG = 0b00101000;    //TMR0 prescale 1:1
        prescaler_bits = 0;
    }
    else {
        OPTION_REG = 0b00100000 | prescaler_bits; //TMR0 prescale
        prescaler_bits++;
    }
    //Seting the initial value of TMR1 to 32768
    //Timer1 will run for 32768 cycles = 1 second
}

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// Changing the initial value can tweak the time base.
// 1 cycle = 1/32768 sec = 30 microseconds
TMR1L = 0b00000000;
TMR1H = 0b10000000;
TMR1IF_bit = 0;
T0IF_bit = 0;
f1 = 0;
INTCON = 0b10100000;           // Enable interrupt for Timer0
TMR1ON_bit = 1;                // start Timer1
TMR0 = 0;                      // start counting input signal

while (!TMR1IF_bit) {}         // loop for 1 second

INTCON = 0;                    // Disable interrupts
TMR1ON_bit = 0;                // stop Timer1
f2 = TMR0;

// calculating frequency
freq = (long)f1;
freq <= 8;                     // multiply by 256
freq += (long)f2;
freq <= prescaler_bits;        // multiply by prescaler
display_freq(freq);            // displaying frequency

// uncomment bellow to display the prescaler value on the second row
// i = 0;
// Lcd_Out(2, 1, "Prescaler:");
// for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
//   if(prescaler) {
//     Lcd_Ch(2,14-i,prescaler%10+'0');
//     prescaler /= 10;
//   }
//   else Lcd_Ch(2,14-i,' ');
// }

timecount++;

// Shut down sequence
if (PowerOFF_flag || timecount > MAX_TIMECOUNT) {
  INTCON = 0;                  // disable all interrupts
  Lcd_Cmd(_LCD_CLEAR);
  Lcd_Out(1, 2, "Power OFF..");
  delay_ms(1000);
  PORTB.F4 = 0;                // switch off the power
  while (1) {}                 // endless loop (until power is off)
}
}

```