

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{BR}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R = 100\mu\text{A}$	30			V
V_F^*	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 200\text{mA}$	All Types		1	V
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	BAT 42		0.4	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 50\text{mA}$			0.65	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 2\text{mA}$	BAT 43		0.33	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 15\text{mA}$			0.45	
I_R^*	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 25\text{V}$			0.5	μA
	$T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$				100	

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 1\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$		7		pF
trr	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $I_R = 10\text{mA}$ $i_{rr} = 1\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega$			5	ns
h	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$R_L = 15\text{K}\Omega$ $C_L = 300\text{pF}$ $f = 45\text{MHz}$ $V_i = 2\text{V}$	80			%

* Pulse test: $t_p \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ $\delta < 2\%$.

Figure 1. Forward current versus forward voltage at different temperatures (typical values).

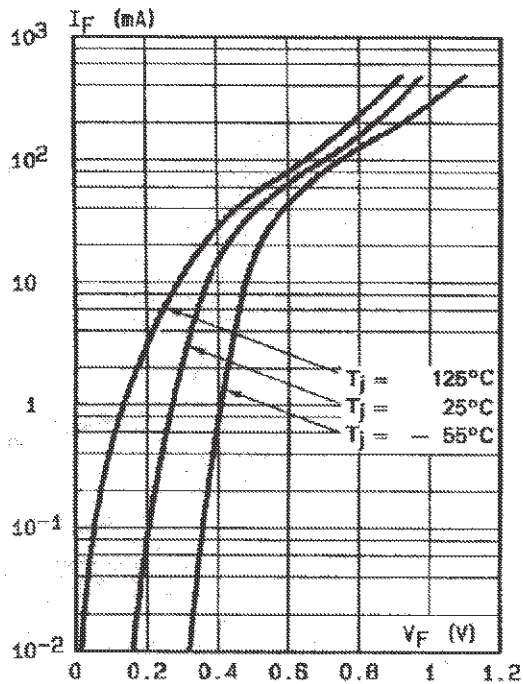


Figure 2. Forward current versus forward voltage (typical values).

